

8.2. Aufgaben zu Körpern

Aufgabe 1

Vervollständige die folgende Tabelle:

| K | o | n | Beispiel | a^{-1} | Beispiel |
|-----|---|------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Q | + | 0 | $3 + 0 = 3$ | $-a$ | $3 + (-3) = 0$ |
| | · | 1 | $3 \cdot 1 = 3$ | $\frac{1}{a}$ | $3 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 1$ |
| ℂ | + | | | | |
| | · | (1 0) | | $\left(\begin{array}{c c} a & -b \\ \hline a^2 + b^2 & a^2 + b^2 \end{array} \right)$ | |
| GI2 | + | | | | |
| | * | $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ | | $\frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} \begin{pmatrix} a & -b \\ b & a \end{pmatrix}$ | |

Aufgabe 2

Vervollständige die beiden Verknüpfungstabellen des Körpers der Reste modulo 7 und markiere die neutralen Elemente

| + | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| $\bar{0}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{1}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{2}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{3}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{4}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{5}$ | | | | $\bar{1}$ | | | |
| $\bar{6}$ | | | | | | | |

| · | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| $\bar{0}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{1}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{2}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{3}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{4}$ | | | | | $\bar{2}$ | | |
| $\bar{5}$ | | | | | | | |
| $\bar{6}$ | | | | | | | |

Aufgabe 3

Begründe anhand der Verknüpfungstabellen, warum die Menge der Reste modulo 6 kein Körper ist:

| + | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| $\bar{0}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{1}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{2}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{3}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{4}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{5}$ | | | | $\bar{2}$ | | |

| · | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| $\bar{0}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{1}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{2}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{3}$ | | | | | | |
| $\bar{4}$ | | | | | $\bar{4}$ | |
| $\bar{5}$ | | | | $\bar{3}$ | | |

Lösungen zu den Aufgaben zu Körpern

Aufgabe 1

| K | o | n | Beispiel | a ⁻¹ | Beispiel |
|-----|---|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Q | + | 0 | 3 + 0 = 3 | -a | 3 + (-3) = 0 |
| Q | · | 1 | 3 · 1 = 3 | $\frac{1}{a}$ | $3 \cdot \frac{1}{3} = 1$ |
| C | + | (0 0) | (3 4) + (0 0) = (3 4) | (-a -a) | (a a) + (-a -a) = (0 0) |
| C | · | (1 0) | (3 4) · (1 0) = (3 4) | $\left(\begin{array}{c c} a & -b \\ \hline a^2+b^2 & a^2+b^2 \end{array} \right)$ | (a b) · $\left(\begin{array}{c c} a & -b \\ \hline a^2+b^2 & a^2+b^2 \end{array} \right) = (1 0)$ |
| Gl2 | + | $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ | $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ | $\begin{pmatrix} -a & -b \\ -c & -d \end{pmatrix}$ | $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -a & -b \\ -c & -d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ |
| Gl2 | * | $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ | $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} * \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ | $\frac{1}{a^2+b^2} \begin{pmatrix} a & -b \\ b & a \end{pmatrix}$ | $\frac{1}{a^2+b^2} \begin{pmatrix} a & -b \\ b & a \end{pmatrix} * \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ |

Aufgabe 2

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| + | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ |
| $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ |
| $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{0}$ |
| $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ |
| $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ |
| $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ |
| $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ |
| $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| · | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ |
| $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ |
| $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{6}$ |
| $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{5}$ |
| $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{4}$ |
| $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{3}$ |
| $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{2}$ |
| $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{6}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{1}$ |

Aufgabe 3

$\bar{2}$, $\bar{3}$ und $\bar{4}$ sind nicht teilerfremd zur 6 und besitzen daher kein inverses Element bezüglich der Multiplikation:

Es gibt z.B. kein Element $\bar{2}^{-1}$ mit $\bar{2}^{-1} \cdot \bar{2} = \bar{1}$, was daran zu erkennen ist, dass die $\bar{1}$ in der entsprechenden Spalte oder Zeile der $\bar{2}$ nicht erscheint:

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| + | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ |
| $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ |
| $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{0}$ |
| $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ |
| $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ |
| $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ |
| $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ |

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| · | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ |
| $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{0}$ |
| $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{1}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{5}$ |
| $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{4}$ |
| $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{3}$ |
| $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{2}$ |
| $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{0}$ | $\bar{5}$ | $\bar{4}$ | $\bar{3}$ | $\bar{2}$ | $\bar{1}$ |